

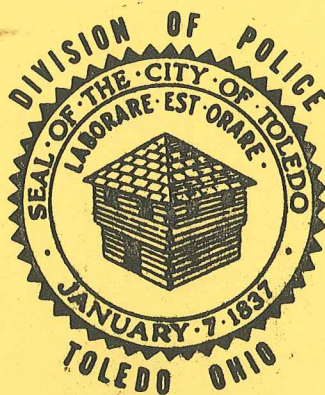
ANNUAL REPORT

1976

TOLEDO POLICE DIVISION

CITY OF TOLEDO, OHIO

CORRIN J. McGRATH
CHIEF OF POLICE



PREPARED BY THE
PLANNING & RESEARCH
UNIT

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HISTORY OF THE TOLEDO POLICE DIVISION

- 1836 Toledo incorporated by act of the State Legislature
- 1837 First City Charter is written. Calvin Comstock was appointed first City Marshall. Prior to that justice was administered by the Justice Of The Peace and his constables.
- 1840 Population of the City was 1,220 persons.
- 1850 Population had risen to 3,827.
- 1852 Volunteer police force authorized by the City Council with the same police powers as the City Marshall.
- 1853 By Council resolution the "night watch" was initiated with a watchman for each of the four wards, to patrol only in the night season. The Mayor had the right to appoint and regulated as he deemed necessary, with the advise of Council. The City Marshall was designated as the Captain of the Night Watch.
- 1865 The City Marshall was made a part of the Police Board. City Council resolution stated, "If the Police Board shall deem it necessary at anytime, they may detail one or more of the police of the City to serve as Day Policeman." This was the first time authorization had been given for a day police officer.
- 1866 Because of the increase of Toledo's population, (20,000) Toledo advanced to a City of the First Class in grade, and was invested with a local municipal government, including a Metropolitan Police Force. The Clerk in Council was instructed to begin paying salaries to the police officers. Prior to this, any pay which the police had collected was through private contribution. Needless to say, those who contributed the most were used to getting the most protection. Thus, the City Marshall and the volunteer force was deposed. Three Police Commissioners were selected. Henry Breed was named Captain of the Police, and thirteen patrolman were hired as well as a sergeant and a turnkey. At that time each patrolman was paid \$720 per year. The total annual budget was \$21,980, this included equipment maintainance, all salaries, and the upkeep of the prisoners in the City Jail. Patrolman were assigned to work fourteen hours on the day shift and ten hours on the night shift, 7 days per week.
- 1867 The first Detective was officially appointed, Elijah Hanks. The chain gang was abolished in Toledo. The first in-service training was offered, and required. The Captain had to read the Rules and Regulations to the officers at rollcall at least once each week.
- 1869 The first man to be fired from the Police Force was Henry Nellis, who was found sleeping on duty.
- 1871 Two Sanitary Policemen were appointed. Their duties consisted of fumigating homes where needed, and enforcing quarantines.

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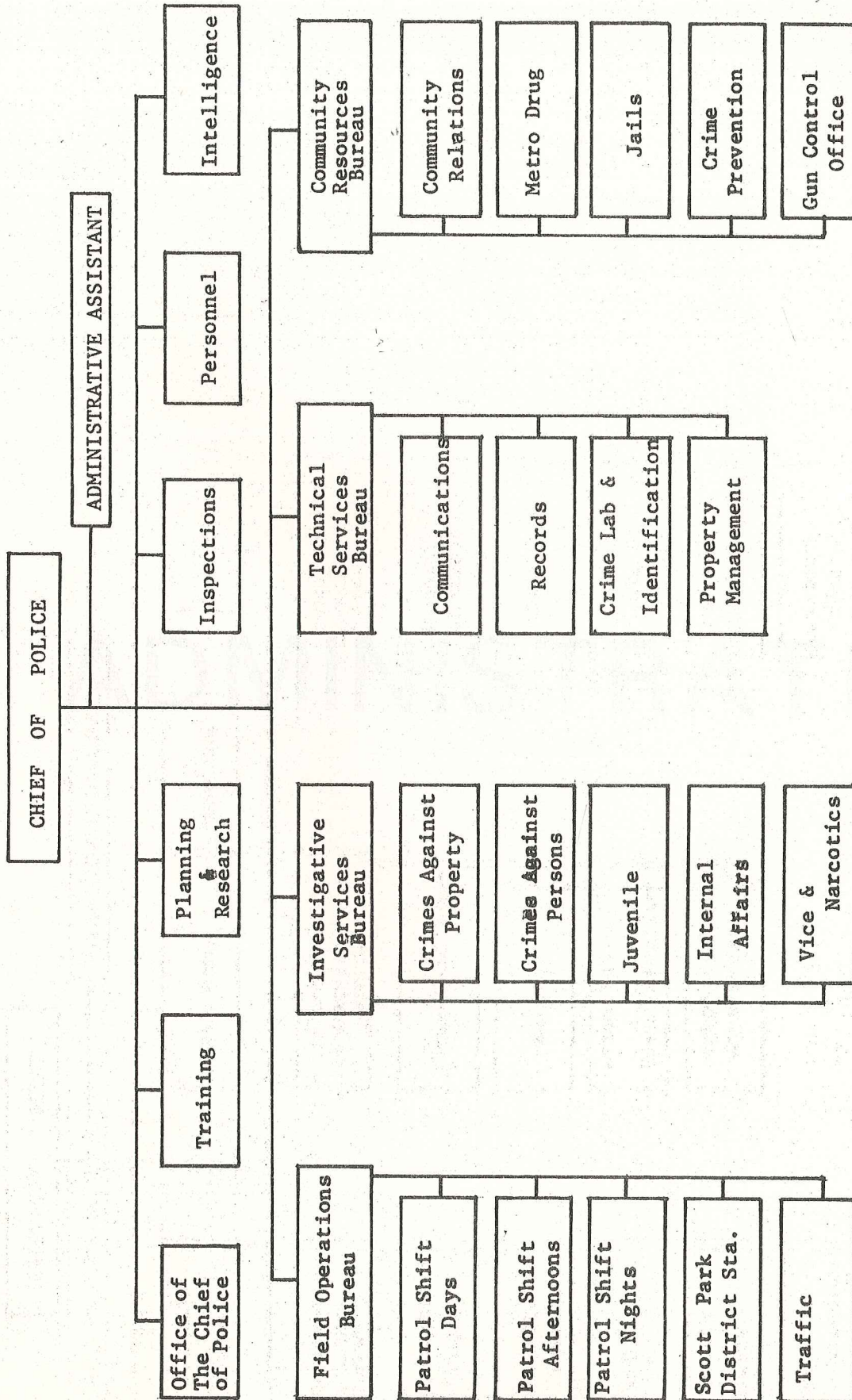
- 1874 By City Ordinance the title of Superintendant of Police was changed to Chief of Police. The hours for the police officer were shortened to approximately 12 hours for the day men, and 10 for the night men. The rank of Roundsman was established. The duty of the Roundsman was to go to each district and beat and make sure that the officer assigned was there, and to collect any information he may have as this was the only means of communication between the station and the officer at that time.
- 1879 The limited use of photographs was initiated for criminal identification.
- 1880 The first Metropolitan Police Board was instituted with the local board members selected by the Governor. Subsequently the members were elected by the citizens for four year terms. The rank of detective was permanently established by the Board of Police Commissioners. The City allowed for the appointment of the maximum of 10 officers to the rank of detective. William Scott was the first Chief of Police under the Metropolitan System.
- 1882 The City adopted the Bertillion System of measurements as well as the "scar and mark" system for criminal identification. The Bertillion System involved the measuring of almost every part of the body, including the circumference of the head, the total span of the arms, etc. The scar and mark system involved the detailed listing of any scar or mark on the prisoners body.
- 1883 The first patrol wagon was purchased (horse & buggy) for the transport of prisoners. Prior to that time all prisoners had to be walked to the station for booking. In the case of highly inebriated persons, this often created a problem. But, one industrious officer solved the problem by borrowing a wheelbarrow for these situations.
- 1890 The City began to install over 100 alarm boxes in various neighborhoods through which police could be summoned.
- 1898 612 Lagrange Street was opened as a substation. Prior to that time the only police station was at 20 Superior Street.
- 1899 The population increased to the point where it now became necessary for an officer to be assigned traffic duty. A man was assigned to the Summit & Cherry Street corner. At this time the population of Toledo was 115,674.
- 1900 By this time Toledo encompassed 28 square miles and employed 11 command officers, three detectives, and 100 patrolmen. The City had two wagons to transport prisoners, one at each of the stations.
- 1903 With the increased use of photographs, the Police Dept. established a Rouges Gallery and began to do away with the Bertillion System of ID.
- 1905 The use of fingerprinting for identification was adopted.

Cont'd.

- 1907 The City purchased its first motorcycles for use by the officers. At first they were used only for emergency reasons. Reports indicate that two detectives, assigned to nights, were dispatched to the scene of a burglary in progress on their motorcycles. After apprehending the suspects, they did not wish to waste time waiting on the horse and buggy wagon, so they drove the prisoners back to the station on the handlebars of their motorcycles at speeds up to 50mph.
- 1908 The use of horses was a part of police history, but for the first time mounted police were used. It was the duty of each officer assigned to the mounted police assignment to care for his own horse, including feeding, cleaning, and grooming. The mounted police squad lasted until 1928.
- 1911 The Police Department added a full motorcycle squad consisting of 20 men.
- 1919 The position of turnkey was filled with a sworn police officer rather than a civilian. The first policewoman was assigned. Her duties consisted of watching dance halls and other places of public amusement, and handle certain cases involving women. The remainder of the time was spent patrolling.
- 1924 The Toledo Police Division Pistol Range was dedicated. The range was built by members of the police department and was reported to be one of the best in the country, if not the world. It was estimated at that time to have been worth \$100,000 but the total construction cost was \$5.60. Most of the materials were donated and the labor was performed by the officers themselves.
- 1925 The Police Division moved from the 80 year old structure on Superior Street to the new Safety Building at 525 North Erie Street.
- 1926 The Women's Bureau was formed. The bureau handled cases of missing girls and women, and other cases involving women. The woman sergeant was named as head of the bureau Sgt. Slader. In a history of the Police Division by Harold Towe, Professor at U. of T. he stated, "It must be said that the Women's Bureau has, from its inception been an honest to goodness police unit making its own investigations, check-ups, and arrests. They have been police officers not social workers."
The Chief of Police, Harry Jennings, instituted the concept of Probation in the courts here in Toledo by establishing the "Reclaiming and Probation Division" of the department. Police officers assigned interviewed first offenders prior to court and made a recommendation to the court. If the offender was released, the officer worked closely with him for approx. 6 months.
- 1928 The Memorial Monument to police officers killed in the line of duty was dedicated this year. It was said to be the only memorial in the country conceived and built by police officers. It was regarded as a fine work of art and architecture.
- 1930 The City Police Department installed radio communication. Two way radios were installed in all of the police vehicles. The Police Department began broadcasting on Station WRDQ.

Cont'd.

- 1932 The first police school was instituted with private qualified citizens donating the time and expertise. The first class lasted 8 weeks. The Identification Bureau opened nights, previously it had only functioned during the day.
- 1934 The establishment of a school for traffic violators took place. The judge now had the option to sentence the violators to the school conducted by the police officers to improve basic driving skills.
- 1937 The Crime Lab was established within the department. Prior to this time, limited scientific and chemical analysis was done, but the facilities at the University of Toledo Lab were utilized. The Juvenile Bureau was formed, although somewhat limited in its functions. Police began to expand their duties from apprehension to prevention. The entire concept of law enforcement, or police work, was changing. The Accident Investigation Squad also began. In 1937 there were 900 auto accidents in Toledo.
- 1938 The Toledo Police Academy was initiated and graduated its first class.
- 1940 Population had increased to 282,349.
- 1947 Nine policemen began flight training to become "Policemen of the air", as soon as the police department received its first airplane. McCarthy Stadium was dedicated to Officer John McCarthy who was killed in the line of duty. His name, as well as the other 21 killed before him, are commemorated on a plaque at the stadium.
- 1949 Radar was adopted into law enforcement and first used to trap unsuspecting speeders.
- 1952 A Police Library is begun under the guidance of Inspector Roth.
- 1953 Due to a high injury rate, the motorcycle squad was done away with.
- 1955 The City was given a retired U.S. Coast Guard boat to enforce the water laws in the Toledo area. This was the beginning of the Harbor Patrol.
- 1958 The police work week was reduced from 48 to 44 hours. It was not until 1960 that the 40 hour work week was implemented.
- 1960 The uniform was somewhat altered when the T.P.D. changed to the white trimmed hat to get away from the "bread truck driver" look. Also, the uniform began to sport a new look with the adoption of the new shoulder patch. The patch is the one still worn today.
- 1973 Carol Tipton became the first woman to graduate from the Police Academy with the Patrolman's rank.
- 1974 The Toledo Police Academy ended a 35 year tradition when it closed its doors to affiliate with the Toledo Lucas County Criminal Justice Training Center.



Organizational Chart Of The Toledo Police Division - Prepared By Planning & Research

ADMINISTRATION

PLANNING AND RESEARCH UNIT

The Planning and Research Unit completed several projects in 1976 which we hope will enhance the job of the patrol officer in the field.

The Scott Park District Station was placed in operation November 1, 1976. This facility located at 2201 Nebraska Avenue was formally the old Scott Park Pool Bath House. The building was remodeled with City funds, and all the equipment was purchased by funds obtained through a federal grant.

This unit has on its staff a civilian systems analyst, who has written a variety of programs which, after being fed into the computer, have placed much needed information into the hands of the Field Operations Bureau Command. The most noteworthy program which has been utilized is the Patrol Car Allocation Model (known as PCAM). This program tells the commanders which areas of the city should be covered by patrol units, how many units are needed, and the day and hours when units are needed the most. The data is based on past incidents which have been fed into the computer by geographical areas of the city known as reporting areas.

Our Criminalistics Laboratory has been remodeled and equipped with modern instrumentation purchased through another federal grant monitored by this unit.

The new Crime Report was designed by personnel in planning, with input from both field and investigative officers. This report has eliminated the use of carbon paper by the patrol officers in the field, as it is a single copy report. This report also allowed us to eliminate a number of report forms.

The Planning Unit assisted in the formation of a word processing center

INSPECTIONS UNIT

The Inspections Unit was placed in operation September 1, 1976 and is staffed by one captain, a lieutenant, and one sergeant.

The purpose of the Inspections Unit is to provide The Chief of Police with information he needs to evaluate the efficiency and effectiveness of division operations.

The Inspections Unit conducts inspections at the direction of the Chief of Police, and reports directly to him on all matters.

The fundamental principle in the staff inspection process is a constructive positive approach that has but one goal, increased police effectiveness and improving the standards of performance of all members of the division. All inspectional efforts are directed to this end.

Subsequent to an actual inspection, the section or unit commander is advised via a meeting with the inspection officer of the results of the inspection. The final inspection report is reviewed with the section or unit commander, and the commander is given the opportunity to take issue with any of the findings made by the Inspections officer.

Further, upon the receipt of an inspectional report which contains an indi-

INTELLIGENCE / CRIME ANALYSIS UNIT

The Intelligence/Crime Analysis Unit has a dual function and two general objectives. The objectives are interrelated to the extent that both are supportive and provide the same product, " Information ".

INTELLIGENCE-GENERAL OBJECTIVE:

The development of tactical and strategic intelligence information for dissemination to the executive and operational units, for the purpose of assisting the division in performing it's police service function.

CRIME ANALYSIS- GENERAL OBJECTIVE:

The utilization of collected data on reported crimes and criminal offenders, to support the operational units in the areas of strategy planning, manpower development, investigative assistance, and crime prevention.

UNIT ACCOMPLISHMENTS 1976 - INTELLIGENCE:

1. Maintained liason with 27 federal, state, and local enforcement agencies to foster a meaningful exchange of information.
2. Answered all requests for intelligence information from both internal units and external enforcement agencies.
3. Conducted investigations and surveillances of organized crime figures to obtain information regarding their activity and movements.
4. Provided information and assistance to operational units in the investigation of major crimes.
5. Assisted The Investigative Services Bureau with special investigations and The Internal Affairs Unit in making background checks of police applicants.

2. Published and disseminated to all division personnel monthly confidential bulletins and quarterly special bulletins that pertained to information on crime suspects and information and photographs of wanted persons.
3. Maintained 4 crime pin maps to provide visual aids for geographic analysis of major crimes.
4. Collected and reviewed all Crime Information Cards submitted by the patrol units, and maintained a card filing system with cross indexing of the cards to provide information on suspected criminal activity.

PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES 1977-INTELLIGENCE:

1. To improve both the quantity and quality of the information in the intelligence files, in order to provide better tactical information and the establishment of a basic capability for strategic reporting.
2. To enhance the flow of information to the unit by improved liaison techniques, along with a collection plan that will provide for a permanent systematic flow of information to the unit.
3. To develop written procedures with guidelines for the filing of intelligence information, the classification of sensitive information and the dissemination of information to external agencies.
4. To establish a systematic method of collecting information from the patrol units regarding continuing suspicious activity on the districts in the area of drugs, prostitution, gambling, fencing, and organized crime.

2. To replace the quarterly confidential bulletin with a program that will provide for dissemination of improved information in a shorter time frame, with the possibility of expansion to include active major offenders for whom no warrant has been issued.
3. To provide a format for the retrieval of computerized crime offense information that can be utilized in the analysis process.
4. To increase the patrol officers crime awareness by providing current crime charts and graphs for display in the district assembly rooms.

PERSONNEL DATA

PROMOTIONS

To Captain:

Milton Hoffman	8-13-76
Harold Patterson	8-13-76
Ronald Marr	8-13-76
John Mason	8-13-76
William Burnside	8-13-76
Phillip J. Moore	8-13-76
Richard McAtee	8-13-76
Edward Bombrys	8-13-76
Gerald Wysocki	8-13-76
Irving Swan	8-13-76

To Lieutenant:

Kevin Wendt	7-23-76
Richard Achter	7-23-76
Benjamin Cooley	7-23-76
Joseph Haines	7-23-76
Robert Gawronski	7-23-76
Walter Goetting	7-23-76
Victor Miller	7-23-76
William Morris	7-23-76
James Schneider	7-23-76
Timothy Borkowski	8-13-76
Vincint Dipofi	8-13-76
Robert Krolak	8-13-76
Arthur Tckes	8-13-76
Walter Abele	8-13-76
Lawrence Dyal	8-13-76
Francis Conger	8-13-76
William Kina	8-13-76
James Ritchie	8-13-76
Frank Nowak	9-7-76
Robert Sherwin	9-7-76

To Sergeant:

Marti Felker	7-23-76
Thomas Purcel	7-23-76
Ronald Spann	7-23-76
Richard Koperski	7-23-76
Raymond Palmer	7-23-76
James Wiegand	7-23-76
Kenneth Koperski	7-23-76
John Bruen	7-23-76

Promotions Continued

To Sergeant:

Henry Hiris	7-23-76
Virgil Oliver	7-23-76
Michael Schroeder	7-23-76
Ralph Kuyóth	7-23-76
Dennie Sehlmeier	7-23-76
Thomas Szymanski	7-23-76
Derwish Mohamad	7-23-76
David Noggle	7-23-76
Thomas Gulch	7-23-76
Louis Borucki	7-23-76
James Jones	7-23-76
Edward Keen	7-23-76
Joseph Morrin	7-23-76
David Pawlecki	7-23-76
Daniel Schultz	7-23-76
William Burpee	7-23-76
James Heyneman	7-23-76
Joel Kaminski	7-23-76
James Matthews	7-23-76
Frank Stiles	7-23-76
Charles Straka	7-23-76
Richard Dudley Jr.	7-23-76
Eugene Harless	7-23-76
Robert Mason	7-23-76
Frederick Neipp	7-23-76
Richard Oehlers	7-23-76
Daniel Pfeiffer	7-23-76
Robert Baumgartner	8-13-76
James Bryan	8-13-76
James Buettner	8-13-76
Ronald Jackson	8-13-76
Thomas Kennelly	8-13-76
Paul Kerschbaum	8-13-76
Terry Schroeder	8-13-76
Phillip Wesley	8-13-76
Gerald Whitty	8-13-76
Richard Zaborowski	8-13-76
William E. Holmes	9-7-76
Harvey Soule	9-7-76

Resignations

Police Officers:

Gary Grimes	5-18-76
Harvey Harbint	2-22-76

Appointed

36 Police Officers 7-12-76

Retirements

Captains: Thomas O'Leary 1-30-76
Robert Gray 9-6-76

Lieutenants: Donald Schaefer 2-29-76
Sidney O'Dell 7-8-76
Kenneth Foss 7-8-76

Sergeants: Elwood Veack 4-1-76
Frank Hays 4-30-76
Robert Carter 4-30-76
John Sullivan 5-31-76
Norbert Miller 7-31-76
Robert Pitzen 10-29-76

Police Officers: Norman Klinck 2-29-76
Clifford Warner 3-4-76
Orville Petersen 4-1-76
Chester Matuszak 4-29-76
Joseph Sterling 4-30-76
Richard Langenderfer 7-2-76
Byron Shindell 7-2-76
Kenneth Lemke 7-8-76
Robert Papenfus 8-5-76
King Harshman 9-30-76
Frank Perz 9-30-76
Raymond Kurdys 9-30-76
Stephen Beres 9-30-76
Maynard Aubry 10-1-76

Deaths

Active Members:

Police Officer Jack Limes 7-24-76
Police Officer Leo Lisowski 7-26-76
Police Officer Frederick Campbell 9-11-76

Pensioned Members: Maurice Pigott 2-17-76

FIELD OPERATIONS

BUREAU

FIELD OPERATIONS

FIELD OPERATIONS BUREAU

During 1976 there were several significant events that occurred which had considerable impact on the Field Operations Bureau.

7-12-76

The promotional process was resumed after a lapse of three years, brought on by court tests and other related problems. There were a number of promotions finally made in 1976 which resulted in a number of new command officers assigned to Field Operations. The most significant promotions were those which pertained to the commanders of the patrol shifts. In September of 1976, each of the patrol shifts was placed under the command of a newly appointed Captain.

The Scott Park District Station was opened under the command of Captain Walter Scoble, a veteran commander, on November 1, 1976. This was the first time in many years that the district concept has been used in Toledo. A Federal Grant allowed the city to remodel the existing Scott Park Bathhouse into a modern police facility. Included in the remodeling were classrooms, exercise room, showers, new furniture, and new lockers. The entire facility is carpeted and presents a fresh image to the police personnel assigned there. The district station concept appears to be working well at this point and has received wide acceptance from the officers assigned there, and the citizens of the City of Toledo whom they serve.

The Patrol Car Allocation Model, known as PCAM, was initiated on December 12, 1976. This program distributes patrol cars in various sections of the city on a need basis. The program is based on computer printouts that suggest patrol car allocation by time of day, and day of the week. It gives the patrol commanders the information necessary to determine where in the city the calls for service will

FIELD OPERATIONS CONT'D.

Canine Unit Cont'd.

Tracking of Lost Children and Suspects	-	135 times
Searching Fields	-	19 times
Searching Buildings	-	148 times

Arrests:

CHARGE	NO. OF ARRESTS
Robbery	3
Breaking & Entering	41
Rape	2
Miscellaneous	5
Total Arrests	51

Recovery of Property:

Articles Recovered - 153 items

TRAFFIC SECTION

Moving Violations:	1976	1975	Numerical Change	% Change
Speeding	27,796	27,116	+680	+ .02 %
Operating W/O Due Regard For Safety	3,778	3,882	-104	- .02 %
Electric Signal	3,449	3,590	- 91	- .02 %
Stop Sign	1,144	1,109	+ 35	+ .03 %
Improper Turn	2,202	2,339	-137	- .05 %
Driving While Intoxicated	1,639	1,637	+ 2	+ .0012%
All Others	14,659	14,120	+481	+ .034 %
Total Moving Violations	54,659	53,793	+866	+ .016 %

PARKING:

Parking Citations Issued	105,335	103,371	+2,264	+2.19 %
Total Parking Fines	\$408,607	\$356,814	+51,793	+14.5 %

TRAFFIC ACCIDENTS:

Property Damage Accidents	17,381	16,753	+628	+3.74 %
Injury Accidents	5,385	5,203	+182	+3.49 %
Fatal Accidents	54	34	+ 20	+58.8 %
Total Accidents	22,817	21,989	+828	+ .037 %
Persons Injured	3,645	3,244	+401	+12.4 %
Persons Killed (Pedestrians)	16	11	+ 5	+45.4 %
Persons Killed (Other Fatalities)	38	23	+ 15	+65.2 %

TRAFFIC SECTION CONT'D

HIT SKIP ACCIDENT STATISTICS FOR 1976:

In 1976 there were 4573 hit skip vehicle accident reports filed at the Traffic Section. Of these, 2303 were classified as workable hit skips for a percentage of 49.63% of the total reported. The remaining 50.37% of the hit skip accidents were not investigated or filed.

Of the workable 2302 workable hit skip accidents investigated the results were as follows:

		<u>% of Total</u>
Drivers Cited or Arrested-	744	32.30 %
Vehicles Involved Which Were Reported Stolen (no suspect)	63	2.73 %
Suspect Deceased-	1	-
Cases Referred To Civil Action-	344	14.93 %
Cases With No Prosecution-	356	15.45 %
Cases With No Additional Information Uncovered-	102	4.42 %
Cases With Insufficient Information, Or No Evidence-	232	10.07 %
Cases Referred To Recedivist File " Unsolved"-	293	12.72 %
Cases With No License Registration Available-	18	.78 %
Cases Completed Or Solved By The District Unit-	47	2.40 %
Cases Under Investigation At Present-	103	4.47 %
Cases Lost In Court-	11	.47 %

Total Number Of Citations Issued Involving Hit Skip Drivers- 1254

HARBOR PATROL

This unit was in operation from April 1, 1976 until October 31, 1976.

Bodies of Water Patrolled:

TRAFFIC SECTION CONT'D

HARBOR PATROL CONT'D.

Patrol Days During 1976 - 214
 Man Hours Expended - 3424
 Water Craft Engine Hours - 496.3
 Miles On Patrol - 2674
 Gasoline and Oil Consumed - 2477 gallons of gasoline
 61 quarts of oil

Activities

Obstructions-Hazards to Navigation Removed From Water - 78
 Boating Related Complaints - 130
 Non-Boating Related Complaints - 110
 Recovery of Human Bodies - 2
 Fire Runs (Boats, Bridges, & Shore) - 11
 Severe Weather Warnings to Boaters - 48
 Drill and Test of Fire Pumps and Resusitator (Man Hours) - 24
 Towed Boats (Capsized, Aground, Engine Failure, Etc.) - 81 *

* Estimated 300 persons on board

Boats Stopped For Violations of Speed & Wake, Equipment, Etc. - 75
 Citations Issued - 14
 Inspections Made - 34
 Criminal Arrests - 2
 Boating Accidents Investigated - 3
 Stolen Boats Recovered (Estimated Value \$25,000) - 7

TRAFFIC SECTION CONT'D.

HARBOR PATROL CONT'D.

Medical Evacuations From Boats -	4
Persons Removed From Water as a Result of Sinkings -	17
News Media Releases -	12

Public Relations and Education

	<u>Contacts</u>	
	<u>5000 persons</u>	
Toledo Boat Show Booth		
Woodville Mall Boat Show	300	"
Southwyck Mall	2000	"
United States Coast Guard Auxiliary Talk	78	"
Toledo Power Squadron Talk	63	"
Bay View Yacht Club	45	"

**INVESTIGATIVE
SERVICES
BUREAU**

ADULT SECTION INVESTIGATIVE SERVICES

Crimes Against Persons Section

In 1976 the main objective was to reduce crimes against the person in all areas, and it is felt that substantial headway was made in this effort.

In 1977 we are adding an additional shift which will operate from 2000 hours to 0400 hours. This shift will be staffed by an investigator from the Sex Unit, Homicide Unit, and the Robbery Unit. The addition of this shift will among other things eliminate the need for a "on call" sex investigator. This should reduce the cost of overtime and hopefully improve the preliminary investigations, and lead to a better all around case management. We feel that with better prepared cases from the onset, it should lead to more convictions and less hassle for the prosecutors who take these major cases to trial.

Crimes Against Property Section

During 1976 a program was instituted using solvability factors in the assignment of cases. This has allowed our investigators time to develop cases, and clear more of the case load.

During 1977 we will form a new unit. It will be named "Property Recovery", and will be aimed at the "fences" in our city. With the formation of this unit we hope to make it difficult for a criminal to dispose of his ill-gotten gains. If the fence is put out of business, the criminal has no place to receive cash for the property he takes during his criminal acts. Hopefully this may discourage future criminal acts, and help reduce our crime rate.

ADULT SECTION INVESTIGATIVE SERVICES CONT'D.

Liaison Office

On October 1, 1976 a liaison office was established between the Lucas County Prosecutor's Office and the Investigative Services Bureau. The Toledo Police Division has been fortunate to have an excellent relationship between our two agencies.

Career Criminal Program

In the fall of 1976 the preliminary steps were begun to implement a Career Criminal or Crime Deterrent Program with the Lucas County Prosecutor's Office. The concept of this program is to focus attention on recidivist type criminal participants. To be of special importance will be to make the courts and the Prosecutor's Office aware of any other case pending against a defendant, as well as the defendant's past criminal history.

This program is based on the following assumptions:

The Career Criminal:

- A. Commits dangerous violent crimes regularly and habitually, and is responsible for a significant portion of serious crimes committed.
- B. Will generally have two or more cases pending in the court system at any given time.
- C. Utilizes his familiarity with the Criminal Justice System to avoid prosecution and punishment.

	MAR.	APR.	MAY	JUN.	JUL.	AUG.	SEP.	OCT.	NOV.	DEC.	1976 Total	% 1976 Clear's Total	1975 Total	% 1975 Clear's
3	2	2	4	4	5	2	2	3	5	1	35	77.1%	41	78.0%
1	2	1	1	3	1	2	1	3	1	0	17	64.7%	8	112.5%
9	16	10	19	26	14	24	23	14	17	19	200	60.0%	194	61.3%
48	32	63	132	56	59	65	51	70	71	53	745*	56.6%*	649*	74.4%*
17	7	19	33	6	25	29	20	20	26	16*				
16	15	23	41	32	20	17	14	32	26	19*				
12	10	18	23	13	14	16	15	16	18	14*				
3	0	3	35	5	0	3	2	2	1	4*				
29	143	112	134	124	146	136	138	203	194	176	1782	29.1%	1617	39.5%
73	518	536	671	613	654	690	653	798	794	632	7755	22.3%	7780	19.8%
00	577	544	763	636	674	640	529	668	597	393	7186	33.8%	5870	10.3%
00	1171	1107	1297	1296	1286	1325	1139	1302	1066	885	13715	11.9%	15211	24.0%
7	154	125	151	154	173	192	154	170	125	123	1740	28.3%	1616	34.8%
00	2615	2500	3172	2912	3012	3076	2690	3231	2870	2282	33175	22.3%	32986	23.2%

* Totals included in figure

JUVENILE SECTION INVESTIGATIVE SERVICES

As of January 1, 1976 there were 40 sworn officers, 3 police technicians, and 1 stenographer assigned to the Juvenile Section. As of December 31, 1976 the section was reduced by 12 sworn officers for a total of 28.

This section received 11,039 complaints in 1976 compared to 13,836 in 1975. This reduction was due in part to the transfer of the Sex Squad personnel and their complaints to the Adult Investigation Section as of September 1, 1976.

It is also felt that complaints received in the Juvenile Section were also reduced by the fact that 1976 was the first year that the Expeditor Board was utilized for the full year. Many complaints that were previously received in the Juvenile Section and carried as inactive, no longer reach this section.

Goals And Objectives For 1977

1. To investigate all crimes committed by juveniles and eliminate the Pending File.
2. Increase recovery and clearances of stolen bicycles.
3. Diversion of minor offenders from the court system, by increasing referrals to Regional Youth Services Bureau and Childrens Services Board-Miami Childrens Center.
4. Initiate the position of Court Liason Officer to improve the working relationship and communications with Juvenile Court, and to reduce court time for investigative officers and uniform officers.

	Cases Adjusted		Adult Arrests	Exceptionally Cleared Complaints	Inactive & Unfounded Complaints	Extra Clearances
	Boys	Girls				
3	9	32	7	244	649	81
3	34	91	97	555	271	15
3	0	0	10	9	12	1
3	3	16	3	4	0	0
3	189	271	57	209	13	29
3	47	153	31	121	135	17
1	36	13	62	89	770	339
0	3	1	79	92	133	33
3	94	50	54	188	3,004	335
3	1	0	5	0	0	2
0	1	1	5	8	9	14
1	417	628	410	1,519	4,996	866
2,194	2,624	410	1,519	4,996	866	
2,682	2,389	515	2,153	5,147	1,423	
2,628	3,011	564	2,404	6,015	1,572	
2,328	4,053	414	1,522	2,534	1,331	
2,067	3,350	369	1,443	1,974	1,796	
2,175	3,736	403	1,558	2,681	1,472	

INTERNAL AFFAIRS SECTION

During the year 1976 the Internal Affairs Section received 199 citizens complaints against police officers, and processed and/or investigated 75 intra-divisional cases of police misconduct. This is a decrease of 25 citizens complaints and a decrease of 65 intra-divisional cases from 1975.

The categories of citizens complaints, the dispositions for the last 6 months, and totals for the entire year are as follows:

CATAGORY	DISPOSITIONS (Past 6 months)				TOTAL FOR YEAR
	SUSTAINED	NOT SUSTAINED	EXONERATED	UNFOUNDED	
Excessive Force	1	3	10	10	41
Discourtesy	1	1	7	5	29
Missing Property	0	0	1	4	9
Lack of Service	1	0	3	0	9
Improper Procedure	1	2	15	8	42
Unethical Conduct	0	2	2	8	23
Investigation	-	-	-	-	28
Unassigned	-	-	-	-	4
Uncompleted	-	-	-	-	14
Totals	4	8	38	35	199

INTERNAL AFFAIRS SECTION CONT'D.

Following are major categories of intra-divisional cases, and dispositions for the last six months:

CATEGORY	HEARING	WRITTEN REP.	VERBAL REP.	COUNSEL	EXONERATED	TOTAL
Late/Sick Abuse	3	3	2	0	0	8
False Reports	1	0	0	0	0	1
Care of Equipment	1	0	0	0	2	3
Viol. of Law/Order	1	0	0	0	0	1
Insubordination	0	0	0	0	2	2
Personal Appearance	0	0	0	0	1	1
Intox. On/Off Duty	2	0	0	0	0	2
AWOL	0	0	1	0	0	1
Subpoena	0	0	1	0	0	1
Investigation						5
Unassigned						5
Uncompleted						4
Past 6 Months Total						36
Years Total						75

In addition the section processed 4 cases involving civilian employees. The categories and dispositions are as follows:

Procedures	0	0	0	0	2	2
Absent From Post	0	0	0	0	0	1

MORALS & NARCOTIC SQUAD ACTIVITIES 1976

ARRESTS:

<i>Charge</i>	<i>Arrests</i>	<i>Assists</i>
<i>Gambling</i>	<i>142</i>	<i>0</i>
<i>Liquor Violations</i>	<i>21</i>	<i>7</i>
<i>Prostitution</i>	<i>297</i>	<i>—</i>
<i>Miscellaneous Violations</i>	<i>378</i>	<i>—</i>
<i>Total</i>	<i>1,032</i>	<i>248</i>

MISCELLANEOUS ACTIVITIES:

Municipal Court Subpoenas - 779

Grand Jury, Common Pleas, & Columbus Subpoenas - 321

License Application Investigations - 142

Speeches - 26

Search Warrants - 111

AVERAGE MANPOWER:

Police Officers - 14

Sergeants - 2

**COMMUNITY
RESOURCES
BUREAU**

RECORD AND IDENTIFICATION SECTIONS

Record Section:

	<u>1975</u>	<u>1976</u>
Complaints/Incidents Processed	83,342	80,504
Warrants/ Summons/ Attachments Processed	24,038	26,709
TWX Messages Received & Sent	314,005	417,807
New Handgun Applications Received	1,920	1,226
Autos Towed/ Released	10,302	10,621
Names Checked - Police Clearances	36,143	42,491
Record Requests From The Lucas County Prosecutor	1,301	1,405
Records Furnished The Lucas County Prosecutor	1,206	1,265
Record Requests From Other Agencies	3,372	3,790
Dispositions Posted - Common Pleas Court	115,809	2,082
Dispositions Posted - Toledo Municipal Courts	9,114	15,035
Indictments Posted From Common Pleas Court	1,717	577
Total Criminal Files Since 1905	186,478	187,963
Total Criminal Indices Filed Since 1905	584,880	587,365

Identification Section:

Case Records Processed

Subjects Arrested (16,576 Adults & 7,031 Juveniles)	15,031*	23,607
New Subjects Processed	1,638	1,485
Re-Arrested Subjects Processed	1,495	1,469
Re-Arrested Subjects Re-Photographed	972	830
Wanted Elsewhere - Arrested Locally	47	70

Fingerprints

Total Fingerprint Charts on File	443,814	446,597
Total Fingerprint Charts To Other Agencies	2,203	2,495
Total Fingerprint Charts Received From Other Agencies	161	131
Taxi Applicants Fingerprinted	120	131
Deceased Subjects Fingerprinted	116	94

Photography

Film Processed For Other Agencies/Bureaus/Sections	2,352	3,996
Roll Film Processed (Jail & Traffic)	1,055	1,391
Contact Photographs Made	25,100	23,854
Enlargements Made (8x10 4x5 5x7)	1,095	1,364
Crime Scene Photographic Assignments	456	427
Stand-Up Photographs Taken	164	140
Photographs Added To M/O File	180	123

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

City of Toledo, Ohio:

Area: 85.57 square miles

Population: 389,000 (estimated)

Activities of Each Relief:

	0700 hrs. to 1500	1500 hrs. to 2300	2300 hrs. to 0700	Total For Year
Answered Calls For Service(Mobile Units)	81,058	131,787	97,324	310,169
Answered Calls For Service(Compared to 1975)	Decrease 1,855	Increase 3,667	Decrease 6,618	Total Decrease 4,806

Private Ambulances Dispatched - 11,632

Total telephone reports processed by the Police Expediter Technicians - 16,688

Total special surveillance reports processed by Police Expediter Technicians - 1,958

Total number of 18 hour parking complaints serviced - 4,096

CRIMINALISTICS LABORATORY

Our main responsibilities have centered on the areas that have shown the greatest volume of work coming in to the lab. These areas are: analysis of controlled substances/ or illegal drugs using new methods, newer instrumentation, and better chemical tests to make our determinations.

In the areas of blood alcohols and carbon monoxide determinations we have ordered a Gas Chromatograph, which will enhance our capability to make these determinations in much more rapid manner.

The use of the poly-graph and the Psychological Stress Evaluator, which is a new instrument, for instrumental detection of deception has shown an increase in workload.

The area of firearms identification, gunshot residues, casting of toolmarks, footprints, and tiretracks have also increased. But, due to the improved equipment that has been purchased we are able, in greater number of these cases, to identify and compare with conclusive results, items submitted. These pieces of physical evidence have been used in court and accepted by them.

Another function of the Crime Lab is to maintain and train the operators of the Breathalyzers. Lab personnel inspect and upkeep the Breathalyzers everyday. The training of new, and retraining of the old operators remain our function. We now have more operators, and our D.W.I. arrests are up.

The personnel in the lab have been receiving training on the job, and have attended formal schools and seminars. This will enable them to perform the actual work more professionally and also better qualify them as experts with

The evidence technicians handle the day to day scenes, but in a major crime we attempt to have one person from the Crime Lab and one evidence technician work the scene together. This speeds up the processing and insures that physical evidence gathered is in a reasonably good condition, so that proper testing may be completed in the lab.

Many new areas of analysis have been opened up, and we found that the investigative personnel in both adult and juvenile have availed themselves of these services.

The lab has the capabilities of doing analysis in many areas, such as further and varied ways of doing gunshot residues determinations, drugs, and varied uses of other instrumentation and testing procedures.

The lab is also analyzing to a limited degree certain items associated with the crime of arson. In this area, we also have members of the lab who respond and help direct the removal of hazardous devices. With this function the lab will process the scene and analyze any physical evidence to try and determine the actual cause of the blast.

Our physical facilities are complete, and equipment wise we have most of the equipment we ordered in and operational.

Whenever time permits the lab personnel research new methods of analysis in the difficult phases of criminalistics, and if found feasible attempt to put them into our everyday procedures.

We have cut the turn around time on most cases because of the fact that with the newer instrumentation and methods we are able to reach our findings

CRIMINALISTICS LABORATORY CONT'D.

Statistics

Firearms examined for laboratory work	435
" " " C.C.W. Charge	382
Explosives removed/ examined	147
Blood alcohol determinations	611
Carbon monoxide & poison determinations	74
Chemical restoration of serial numbers	28
Articles marked for planting (larceny, burg., narc. buys)	57
Narcotic & drug analysis (1,698 cases)	(Exhibits) 6,089
Liquor analysis	31
Casts of tool marks	39
Casts of footprints/tireprints	34
Crime scene visited	67
Tools/shoes/tires examined	48
Documents examined (89 cases)	(Exhibits) 2,959
Stain analysis	87
Dermal Nitrate tests	134
Miscellaneous (hairs/fibers/ etc.)	59
Photos taken	141
Polygraphs examinations (343 submitted) tests given	297
PSE examinations (submitted 178) given	142
Breathalyzer tests given by Sgts.	1,441

" " " (or State) 212

COMMUNITY RELATIONS SECTION

Consistent with its mission to achieve the highest possible degree of cooperation and understanding between citizens of the community and the Police Division, the Police Community Relations Section and the School Traffic Safety Unit participated in a variety of community services activities. Through their combined efforts over 100,000 citizens of all ages in the community had direct contact with the officers of these two sections.

In their efforts to promote the best interests of the community and the Police Division, these sections maintained constant contact with the community by attending meetings, presenting talks, conducting tours, participating in educational programs in the Toledo schools, and attending and supervising school athletic and social events. Additionally, there were 880 cases which required investigation. These ultimately resulted in dispelling misunderstanding and restored community peace.

Despite the reduction of personnel, these two sections strive to achieve maximum service to the community through efficient utilization of manpower.

The goals we hope to achieve in 1977 are:

1. Maintain current levels of contact through the School Traffic Safety Program now in operation.
2. Implement the Toledo Police Division's new Safety City Program for pre-school and kindergarten children,
3. Establish a Toledo Police Division Explorer-in-Chief Post.

COMMUNITY RELATIONS SECTION

	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	Total
Tours:													
Number	13	24	6	4	9	10	3	2	7	8	15	8	109
Attendance	340	814	158	89	319	378	85	32	247	96	417	177	3152
Public Mtgs:													
Number	46	42	43	47	31	47	16	28	41	39	27	29	348
Attendance	887	882	1682	2492	1446	892	618	1009	797	1157	737	2910	13740
Public Talks:													
Number	18	68	30	21	58	23	7	9	11	31	45	22	333
Attendance	626	3481	933	795	2969	701	266	311	572	1346	1790	1155	15415

School Athletic & Social Events & Disturbances:

616 incidents required 5050.5
Man hours

Special Security & Surveillance:

503 incidents required 2382 Man hours

Backup Assistance For Other Officers:

459 incidents required 720 Man hours

Assistance To Other Agencies:

614 incidents required 868 Man hours

T.A.R.T.A. Detail-Special Surveillances:

65 required 78 Man hours

Community Programs:

Transportation 492

Welfare Assistance 287

Employment Referrals 135

Jobs Obtained 46

Radio And T V Appearances 47

Special Programs 180

SCHOOL TRAFFIC SAFETY SECTION

The following is being submitted as a summary of the activities that encompassed the Toledo Police School Traffic Unit for the year of 1976.

This report involves school children from the kindergarden level through the eighth grade of our 114 schools represented by the three school systems in the City of Toledo. This represents the age group of 5 thru 13 years of age.

During the year 1976 we must show an increase in our overall accident scene. We recorded 146 accidents for 1976 as compared with 138 accidents for 1975. This is the first time in the past five years that we have shown an increase in our accident rate.

We, as well as school safety directors, attribute this increase in accidents involving our school children to the stopping of the School Safety Program during the middle of the school year. This disruption, along with our prior lack of manpower, created a situation of playing catch-up throughout the remainder of the school year.

Due to the lack of manpower we were forced to curtail some of the events that make up the overall School Safety Program. We feel this had a direct bearing upon the overall increased accident picture for 1976.

Our Safety Patrol Leadership Camp was held with 111 Safety Patrol Captains attending. Many meetings were held in the schools to assist safety patrol members.

Participation of our services with PTA, Big Brother, United Central Services, Y.M.C.A., Boy Scouts, Girl Scouts, and other organizations was performed for the year of 1976.

With just two police officers being actively engaged in School Traffic Safety,

SCHOOL TRAFFIC SAFETY SECTION CONT'D

The following statistics presented will encompass the time period starting January 1, 1976 through December 31, 1976. During the period of time from February 15, 1976 through August 31, 1976 the School Safety Unit was not in operation, due to the personnel being assigned other police duties.

Events:

	<u>Number</u>	<u>Attendance</u>
1. School safety assemblies	168	44,981
2. Meetings attended	35	1,532
3. Public talks	3	117
4. Television - 75 minutes viewing time		
5. Radio - daily spot safety announcements		

Miscellaneous Activities:

	<u>Number</u>	
1. Bicycle inspections	308	Licensed 218
2. Complaints received	243	
3. Complaints cleared	233	
4. School stops (supplies, etc.)	686	
5. Assistance to related agencies	531 man hours	
6. Supervising & assisting guards, daily patrolling high accident areas	503 man hours	

City of Toledo Expenditure:

1. Rain gear for safety patrol	\$1,021.49	
2. Safety patrol belts	\$ 300.00	
		<u>Sub Total \$ 1,321.49</u>

Supporting Agencies:

1. Fraternal Order of Police	\$1,800.00
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JAIL SECTION

Men's Jail :

	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	TOTAL
Persons Booked	1020	980	1066	1103	1052	995	971	897	926	928	828	883	11649
Break-fasts	1264	1145	1146	1169	1285	1248	1376	1205	1227	1262	1226	1075	14628
Lunches	957	852	853	855	923	931	1082	926	901	979	921	799	10979
Dinners	912	826	834	815	944	905	1063	888	922	1009	955	833	10906
Average Daily Popul.	29.4	28.5	26.9	27.2	30.5	30.2	34.3	28.6	30.7	32.5	31.8	26.9	29.8
Average Daily Bookgs.	32.9	33.8	34.4	36.8	33.9	33.2	31.3	28.9	30.9	29.9	27.6	28.5	31.8

Women's Jail :

	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	TOTAL
Persons Booked	178	198	215	188	214	221	210	203	192	170	165	151	2305
Break-fasts	299	274	359	357	313	306	360	334	309	347	339	324	3921
Lunches	272	254	378	355	282	311	341	297	316	330	305	322	3763
Dinners	290	264	357	336	287	307	346	303	277	330	324	323	3744
Average Daily Popul.	9.4	9.1	11.5	11.2	9.3	10.2	11.2	9.8	9.2	10.6	10.8	10.4	10.2
Average Daily Bookgs.	5.7	6.8	6.9	6.3	6.9	7.4	6.8	6.5	6.4	5.5	5.5	4.9	6.3

Statistics - Columbus Workhouse:

	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	TOTAL
Senten'd	0	2	0	2	6	1	3	5	3	5	1	2	30

GUN CONTROL OFFICE

The Gun Control Office was placed under the control of the Police Division on April 1, 1976.

	<u>Applications Received</u>	<u>Pictures Taken</u>	<u>Monies Received</u>
April	251	425	\$1,755.00
May	193	178	\$1,365.00
June	193	301	\$1,560.00
July	237	156	\$1,365.00
August	228	396	\$1,365.00
September	199	178	\$1,950.00
October	226	372	\$1,875.00
November	245	226	\$1,515.00
December	224	319	\$2,220.00
<u>Totals</u>	<u>1,996</u>	<u>2,551</u>	<u>\$14,970.00</u>
		+ Senior Citizen & Ambulance	498.74
		<u>Grand Total=</u>	<u>\$15,468.74</u>

Crime Prevention Section:

The Crime Prevention Section operated in harmony with the Community Relations Section for the first eight months of 1976. In September Crime Prevention operated as a separate unit, therefore, statistics compiled reflect only the last four months of 1976.

	Meetings - Attendance		Crime Prevention Presentations - Attendance	
September	14	491	7	260
October	19	590	7	342

